Debtor 1	Patricia	Ann	Scott	
	Phytidame.	ididdle Nemu	Last Hame	
Debtor 2				
(Spouse, If filing)	First Name	Middle Hame	Lestifame	Į
(United States Bankn	apley Court for the: Middle	District of Alabama (Mon	laomery)
•		1	,	(Sia
	10 00040			1
Case number	18-33019			,

Official Form 427

Amended Cover Sheet for Reaffirmation Agreement

12/15

Anyone who is a party to a reaffirmation agreement may fill out and file this form. Fill it out completely, attach it to the reaffirmation agreement, and file the documents within the time set under Bankruptcy Rule 4008.

Explain the Repayment Terms of the Reaffirmation Agreement 1. Who is the creditor? Nationstar Mortgage LLC d/b/a Mr. Cooper 2. How much is the debt? On the date that the bankruptcy case is filed \$ 50,216.87 To be paid under the reaffirmation agreement \$ 49,681.50 *5. 7-7 3 . 0 8 per month for 111 months (If fixed interest rate) my optional premium amount however; seld amount may include an amount for escrow which is subject to change *Said amount does not incli What is the Annual Before the bankruptcy case was filed 5,600 Percentage Rate (APR) of Interest? (See **Bankruptcy Code** \mathbf{Y} Fixedrate Under the reaffirmation agreement __5.500 Adjustable rate § 524(k)(3)(E).) Does collateral secure the debt? No. Yes. Describe the collateral. 4024 COLFAX DR MONTGOMERY \square Current market value \$ Does the creditor assert M No that the debt is 📿 Yes. Attach an explanation of the nature of the debt and the basis for contending that the debt is nondischargeable. nondischargeable? stated on the realification agreement pome and expenses reported on Schedules and d Using information from Schedule I: Your Income (Official Form 106I) and 6e. Monthly income from all sources after payroll deductions Combined monthly Income from Schedule J: Your Expenses (Official Form 108J), fill in the amounts. 6f. Monthly expenses Monthly expenses from line 22c of_ 3chedule J 66. Monthly payments on all 6g. Monthly payments on all reaffirmed _ eaffirmed debts not listed on reaffirmed debts not included in Schedule J monthly expenses s 14.43 6d 3cheduled net monthly income 6h. Present net monthly income Subtract lines 6b and 6c from 6a. Subtract lines 6f and 6g from 6e. If the total is less than 0, put the If the total is less than 0, put the number in brackets. number in brackets.

Cover Sheet for Reallymannon Agreement

page 1

flower Patricia /	<u>и))</u>	<u> </u>	Case munition () () 18 330/19
Inch them. While	e bfomen.	C++ * 0f-#3++	
7 Am the income amounts on lines So and So different?	Mo Li Yuu	Explain why likey are	different and complete line 10.
8. Are the expense amounts on lines 6b and 6f different?	M No 디 Yes	Explain why they are	different and complete line 10
9 is the ret menthly Income in line 6h less than 6?	No. Yes.	A presumplical of he frequency of he complete line 10	niship wises (unless the creditor is a credit unless) or will make manifuly payments on the realizoned debt and pay other living expenses.
40 Dalatanha mudikhasilan			
10 Dobtor's certification obout lines 7-9		I certify that each exp	plandion on lines 7 9 is true eixi correct.
li way wurwar est hasso 7.0 is Yes. Mie doblar must sign here		3×2	94.
U of the anavera on fines ?-9 one No go to top 11.		Signature of Deblor	
ii. Did an attornoy represent the deliter in negotialing the reallimetion agreement?	□ No Ø Yos	o, Flas the allomey exc No No Yes	nuled a recipialion or an alfidavit to support the realization agreement?
Payt 21 Sign Here	M (A)	ما من المساعد	
Whonver tills out this form must slyn here.	l corilly b	that the attached age	conjust is a true and sorrect copy of the reaffirmation agreement between the or shoot for Reaffirmation Agreement.
	.34t.	/s/ Jackson E	E. Duncan, III 1/30/2019
	(6sp.)	at-ne*	क्षतः । छाउ - २ ५ ४ ४
		Jackson E. Du	ncan, III, Creditor's Attorney
	i 'emal	int thre	
	. _	nck one.	
	だ) 図	Debter or Dahlor's Creditor or Creditor	
	u.i	PERCENTE OF FREISH	
Official Form 427		Ct	over Shrot for Restlamation Agroomont page 2

disclosed here.

Check one. Presumption of Undue Hardship See Debtor's Statement in Support of Reaffirmation,
Part II below, to determine which box to check.

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT Middle District of Alabama (Montgomery)

In re <u>Patricia Ann Scott</u> , Debtor	Case No. <u>18-33019</u> Chapter <u>7</u>
AMENDED REAFFIRMA	TION DOCUMENTS
Name of Creditor: Nationstar Me	ortgage LLC d/b/a Mr. Cooper
Check this box if Creditor is a Credit Union	1
PART I. REAFFIRMATION AGREEMENT	
Reaffirming a debt is a serious financial decision. Before Agreement, you must review the important disclosures this form. A. Brief description of the original agreement being reaffor example, auto loan	*Home mortgage loan covering the real property known as:
B. AMOUNT REAFFIRMED: \$49.681.50	
The Amount Reaffirmed is the entire amount that unpaid principal, interest, and fees and costs (if an which is the date of the Disclosure Statement port	y) arising en er before <u>01/10/19</u> ,
See the definition of "Amount Reaffirmed" in Par	rt V, Section C below.
C. The ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE applicable to t	he Amount Reaffirmed is 5.500 %.
See definition of "Annual Percentage Rate" in Pa	rt V, Section C below.
This is a (check onz). Fixed rate	☐ Variable rate
If the loan has a variable rate, the future interest rate may	increase or decrease from the Annual Percentage Rate

D. Reaffirms	ation Agreement Repay	ment Terms (check and comp	lete one):
\square	*\$ 773.08 · per mon	th for 111 months starting	on <u>01/01/19</u>
	the initial payment an * The amount may inclu-		
E. Describe	the collateral, if any, so	 -	
	Description: Current Market Valu	s 82,850,00	ONTGOMERY AL 36105
F. Did the d	lebt that is being reaffir	med arise from the purcha	se of the collateral described above?
\square	Yes. What was the pu	rchase price for the collate	ral? \$
· 二	No. What was the an	ount of the original loan?	\$ <u>80,090.00</u>
G. Specify debt and an	the changes made by the related agreement:		nt to the most recent credit terms on the reaffirmed
	•	Terms as of the Date of Bankruptcy	Terms After Reaffirmation
<i>fee.</i> Ann Mor	ance due (including s and costs) ual Percentage Rate onthly Payment	\$ <u>50,216.87</u> <u>5.500</u> % \$ <u>773.08</u>	\$ 49.681.50 *See Part I, Section D. above 5.500 % \$ 773.08
with	n this Reaffirmation Ag uture credit and any oth	reement. Describe the cre	you with additional future credit in connection dit limit, the Annual Percentage Rate that applies es and advances using such credit:
PART II.	DEBTOR'S STA	TEMENT IN SUPPOR	RT OF REAFFIRMATION AGREEMENT
A. Were yo	ou represented by an att	orney during the course of	negotiating this agreement?
Che	eck one. Yes	□ No	
B. Is the cr	editor a credit union?		
	eck one. Yes	Ж №	

C. Ĭť	your answer to EITHER	question A. or B. above is	"No," complete	1. and 2. below
~,	, • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1		

Ι,	Your present monthly income and expenses are:	
	a. Monthly income from all sources after payroll deductions (take-home pay plus any other income)	\$ <u>4,546.</u> 79
	b. Monthly expenses (including all reaffirmed debts except this one)	\$ <u>3,759.2</u> -8
	c. Amount available to pay this reaffirmed debt (subtract b. from a.)	\$ 717.51
	d. Amount of monthly payment required for this reaffirmed debt	\$ <u>773.09</u>
	If the monthly payment on this reaffirmed debt (line d.) is greater than pay this reaffirmed debt (line c.), you must check the box at the top of of Undue Hardship." Otherwise, you must check the box at the top of Presumption of Undue Hardship."	page one that says "Presumption"
2.	You believe that this reaffirmation agreement will not impose an undu dependents because:	ne hardship on you or your
	Check one of the two statements below, if applicable:	
	•	_

You can afford to make the payments on the reaffirmed debt because your monthly income is greater than your monthly expenses even after you include in your expenses the monthly payments on all debts you are reaffirming, including this one.

You can afford to make the payments on the reaffirmed debt even though your monthly income is less than your monthly expenses after you include in your expenses the monthly payments on all debts you are reaffirming, including this one, because:

Use an additional page if needed for a full explanation.

D. If your answers to BOTH questions A. and B. above were "Yes," check the following statement, if applicable:

You believe this Reaffirmation Agreement is in your financial interest and you can afford to make the payments on the reaffirmed debt.

Also, check the box at the top of page one that says "No Presumption of Undue Hardship."

M

Form 2400A, Reaffiring non-Documents

PART III. CERTIFICATION BY DEBTOR(S) AND SIGNATURES OF PARTIES
I-hereby certify that
(1) Lagree to reaffirm the debt described above.
(2) Before signifig this Reaffirmation Agreement, I read the terms disclosed in this Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I) and the Disclosure Statement, Instructions and Definitions included in Part V below:
(3) The Debtor's Statement in Support of Reaffirmation Agreement (Part II above) is true and complete;
(4): I am entering into this agreement voluntarily and am fully informed of my rights and responsibilities, and
(5) I have received a copy of this completed and signed Reaffirmation Documents form.
SIGNATURE(S) (If this is a joint Reaffirmation Agreement, both debtors must sign.): Date 0 (21/2019 Signature Saturces A Seath Debtor
Date Signature: Joint Debtor, if any
Reaffirmation Agreement Terms Accepted by Greditor:
Creditor Nationstan Montgage IAC d/b/a Mr. Cooper Polsox (1904 Dallas, TX 7526)
Print Name Javrock Rungles
Assistant Secretary of July July 1/30/H Nationstac Most again to July Gignaty Date Date
d/b/a Mr. Cooper
PART IV. CERTIFICATION BY DEBTOR'S ATTORNEY (IF ANY)
To be sted only if the attorney represented the debtor during the course of negotiating this agreement.
I hereby certify that ((i) this agreement represents a fully informed and voluntary agreement by the debtor, (2) thave this agreement does not impose an undue hardship on the debtor or any dependent of the debtor, and (3) I have
fully advised the delitor of the legal effect and consequences of any agreement and any disease the
agreement. agreement of undue hardship has been established with respect to this agreement, in my
opinion, however, if elebtor is able to make the required payment.
Check box lifthe pre sumption of undue hardship box is checked on page I and the creditor is not a Credit. Union
Date 1/2/27 gnature of Debtor's Attorney
int Name of Debtor's Attorney

PART V. DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND INSTRUCTIONS TO DEBTOR(S)

Before agreeing to reaffirm a debt, review the terms disclosed in the Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I above) and these additional important disclosures and instructions.

Reaffirming a debt is a serious financial decision. The law requires you to take certain steps to make sure the decision is in your best interest. If these steps, which are detailed in the Instructions provided in Part V, Section B below, are not completed, the Reaffirmation Agreement is not effective, even though you have signed it.

A. DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

- 1. What are your obligations if you reaffirm a debt? A reaffirmed debt remains your personal legal obligation to pay. Your reaffirmed debt is not discharged in your bankruptcy case. That means that if you default on your reaffirmed debt after your bankruptcy case is over, your creditor may be able to take your property or your wages. Your obligations will be determined by the Reaffirmation Agreement, which may have changed the terms of the original agreement. If you are reaffirming an open end credit agreement, that agreement or applicable law may permit the creditor to change the terms of that agreement in the future under certain conditions.
- 2. Are you required to enter into a reaffirmation agreement by any law? No, you are not required to reaffirm a debt by any law. Only agree to reaffirm a debt if it is in your best interest. Be sure you can afford the payments that you agree to make.
- 3. What if your creditor has a security interest or lien? Your bankruptcy discharge does not eliminate any lien on your property. A "lien" is often referred to as a security interest, deed of trust, mortgage, or security deed. The property subject to a lien is often referred to as collateral. Even if you do not reaffirm and your personal liability on the debt is discharged, your creditor may still have a right under the lien to take the collateral if you do not pay or default on the debt. If the collateral is personal property that is exempt or that the trustee has abandoned, you may be able to redeem the item rather than reaffirm the debt. To redeem, you make a single payment to the creditor equal to the current value of the collateral, as the parties agree or the court determines.
- 4. How soon do you need to enter into and file a reaffirmation agreement? If you decide to enter into a reaffirmation agreement, you must do so before you receive your discharge. After you have entered into a reaffirmation agreement and all parts of this form that require a signature have been signed, either you or the creditor should file it as soon as possible. The signed agreement must be filed with the court no later than 60 days after the first date set for the meeting of creditors, so that the court will have time to schedule a hearing to approve the agreement if approval is required. However, the court may extend the time for filing, even after the 60-day period has ended.
- 5. Can you cancel the agreement? You may rescind (cancel) your Reaffirmation Agreement at any time before the bankruptcy court enters your discharge, or during the 60-day period that begins on the date your Reaffirmation Agreement is filed with the court, whichever occurs later. To rescind (cancel) your Reaffirmation Agreement, you must notify the creditor that your Reaffirmation Agreement is rescinded (or canceled). Remember that you can rescind the agreement, even if the court approves it, as long as you rescind within the time allowed.

6. When will this Reaffirmation Agreement be effective?

- a. If you were represented by an attorney during the negotiation of your Reaffirmation Agreement and
 - i. if the creditor is not a Credit Union, your Reaffirmation Agreement becomes effective when it is filed with the court unless the reaffirmation is presumed to be an undue hardship. If the Reaffirmation Agreement is presumed to be an undue hardship, the court must review it and may set a hearing to determine whether you have rebutted the presumption of undue hardship.
 - ii. if the creditor is a Credit Union, your Reaffirmation Agreement becomes effective when it is filed with the court.
- b. If you were not represented by an attorney during the negotiation of your Reaffirmation Agreement, the Reaffirmation Agreement will not be effective unless the court approves it. To have the court approve your agreement, you must file a motion. See Instruction 5, below. The court will notify you and the creditor of the hearing on your Reaffirmation Agreement. You must attend this hearing, at which time the judge will review your Reaffirmation Agreement. If the judge decides that the Reaffirmation Agreement is in your best interest, the agreement will be approved and will become effective. However, if your Reaffirmation Agreement is for a consumer debt secured by a mortgage, deed of trust, security deed, or other lien on your real property, like your home, you do not need to file a motion or get court approval of your Reaffirmation Agreement.
- 7. What if you have questions about what a creditor can do? If you have questions about reaffirming a debt or what the law requires, consult with the attorney who helped you negotiate this agreement. If you do not have an attorney helping you, you may ask the judge to explain the effect of this agreement to you at the hearing to approve the Reaffirmation Agreement. When this disclosure refers to what a creditor "may" do, it is not giving any creditor permission to do anything. The word "may" is used to tell you what might occur if the law permits the creditor to take the action.

B. INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Review these Disclosures and carefully consider your decision to reaffirm. If you want to reaffirm, review and complete the information contained in the Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I above). If your case is a joint case, both spouses must sign the agreement if both are reaffirming the debt.
- 2. Complete the Debtor's Statement in Support of Reaffirmation Agreement (Part II above). Be sure that you can afford to make the payments that you are agreeing to make and that you have received a copy of the Disclosure Statement and a completed and signed Reaffirmation Agreement.
- 3. If you were represented by an attorney during the negotiation of your Reaffirmation Agreement, your attorney must sign and date the Certification By Debtor's Attorney (Part IV above).
- 4. You or your creditor must file with the court the original of this Reaffirmation Documents packet and a completed Reaffirmation Agreement Cover Sheet (Official Bankruptcy Form 427).
- 5. If you are not represented by an attorney, you must also complete and file with the court a separate document entitled "Motion for Court Approval of Reaffirmation Agreement" unless your Reaffirmation Agreement is for a consumer debt secured by a lien on your real property, such as your home. You can use Form 2400B to do this.

C. **DEFINITIONS**

- 1. "Amount Reaffirmed" means the total amount of debt that you are agreeing to pay (reaffirm) by entering into this agreement. The total amount of debt includes any unpaid fees and costs that you are agreeing to pay that arose on or before the date of disclosure, which is the date specified in the Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I, Section B above). Your credit agreement may obligate you to pay additional amounts that arise after the date of this disclosure. You should consult your credit agreement to determine whether you are obligated to pay additional amounts that may arise after the date of this disclosure.
- 2. "Annual Percentage Rate" means the interest rate on a loan expressed under the rules required by federal law. The annual percentage rate (as opposed to the "stated interest rate") tells you the full cost of your credit including many of the creditor's fees and charges. You will find the annual percentage rate for your original agreement on the disclosure statement that was given to you when the loan papers were signed or on the monthly statements sent to you for an open end credit account such as a credit card.
- 3. "Credit Union" means a financial institution as defined in 12 U.S.C. § 461(b)(1)(A)(iv). It is owned and controlled by and provides financial services to its members and typically uses words like "Credit Union" or initials like "C.U." or "F.C.U." in its name.